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1. Installation

1.1 Requirements

Python 3.10 or later. Tested on 3.10, 3.11, 3.12 and 3.13; `pip` will refuse to install on anything older rather than failing later at import.

Everything below is pulled in automatically by `pip install prodockit`, except where noted:

Requirement	Needed for
<code>Markdown</code> ($\geq 3.10.3$)	every extension
<code>zensical</code> ($\geq 0.0.55$)	Zensical integration and <code>prodockit.zensical_macros</code>
<code>PyMdown Extensions</code> ($\geq 11.0.1$)	<code>prodockit.steps</code> and <code>prodockit.tree</code> are built directly on the PyMdown Blocks API; <code>prodockit.pdf</code> also preserves the output of PyMdown features
<code>beautifulsoup4</code> (≥ 4.12)	<code>prodockit.pdf</code>
<code>click</code> (≥ 8.0)	the <code>prodockit</code> command-line tool
<code>pypdf</code> (≥ 4.0)	<code>prodockit.pdf</code>
<code>tomli</code> (≥ 2.0)	reading a template manifest on Python 3.10, where <code>tomllib</code> does not exist yet
<code>pymupdf</code> (≥ 1.24)	only the back-of-book index - <code>pip install prodockit[index]</code>

The floors above are the ones declared in `pyproject.toml`, and a test keeps this table in step with them - the two had drifted apart, with `Markdown` recorded here as ≥ 3.4 long after the real floor moved to 3.10.3 (prodockit-extensions#372).

1.1.1 Not installed by pip

These are the ones `pip install prodockit` does **not** bring, and they differ in kind:

Requirement	Needed for
<code>weasyprint</code> (<code>>= 69</code>)	<code>prodockit.pdf</code> . A Python package, but not a dependency of <code>prodockit</code> - install it yourself. <code>prodockit.pdf</code> runs its command-line rather than importing it
<code>pandoc</code> (<code>>= 3</code> , builds pin 3.10.1)	<code>prodockit.pdf</code> , and <code>prodockit.bibliography</code> even without a PDF build. Genuinely not a Python package - there is nothing for <code>pip</code> to install
<code>mermaid-cli</code> , <code>mathjax-full</code> (Node <code>>= 22</code>)	only Mermaid diagrams and TeX maths in the PDF
Chrome or Chromium	only Mermaid diagrams - <code>mermaid-cli</code> renders them through a headless browser
A citation style (<code>.csl</code>)	only <code>prodockit.bibliography</code> . Fetched per build, not vendored - see below

The citation style is a download rather than an install. Pandoc resolves `harvard-cite-them-right.csl` from the directory it runs in, and every CI script here fetches it immediately before building:

```
curl -fsSL -o harvard-cite-them-right.csl "https://www.zotero.org/styles/harvard-cite-them-right"
```

It is deliberately **not** committed: it is third-party content with its own licence and its own release cadence, and a vendored copy would go stale silently while every build kept succeeding. `prodockit bootstrap` fetches it for you, and `.gitignore` keeps a local copy out of commits.

`weasyprint` is worth separating from `pandoc` rather than filing both as "external binaries": one is a `pip install` away and the other is not, and a reader who treats them alike goes looking for a package that does not exist, or misses one that does.

Pandoc is version-sensitive in a way that changes output rather than breaking the build: a major version below 3 renders code blocks as justified prose, and the builds pin an exact release because two 3.x versions have already disagreed about the same source. `prodockit bootstrap` installs the pinned version where a package manager allows it and tells you when your local pandoc differs - see [Pinning build inputs](#).

See [PDF generation](#) for how `prodockit.pdf` locates these, and [Known limitations](#) for why the Node ones are needed at all. A build with neither Mermaid diagrams nor maths needs neither of them, and no browser.

1.2 From PyPI

```
pip install prodockit
```

For a minimal project that needs no PDF toolchain, continue with [Build your first site](#). The external tools above can be added later when the document needs their features.

1.3 Enabling an extension

Each prodockit extension is registered as a standard Python-Markdown extension under the `markdown.extensions` entry point group, so it can be enabled by name, the same way you'd enable a built-in extension like `toc` or a `pymdownx` one:

```
import markdown

html = markdown.markdown(
    text,
    extensions=["prodockit.headings", "prodockit.refs",
               "prodockit.tables"],
)
```

Or, for a [Zensical](#) project, in `zensical.toml` alongside the built-in and `pymdownx` extensions. Unlike `pymdownx`'s and Zensical's own namespaces, Zensical doesn't hoist a nested `prodockit.headings` table into that dotted extension name, so each one needs a quoted key instead:

```
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.headings"]
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.refs"]
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.citations"]
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.glossary"]
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.tables"]
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.tree"]
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.steps"]
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.bibliography"]
[project.markdown_extensions."prodockit.index"]
```

Enable only the ones you use - each is independent, and none of them requires another.

1.3.1 The nine extensions

See each extension's own page for its syntax, examples, and configuration:

Extension	What it adds
<code>prodockit.headings</code>	Numbered headings, and a number a cross-reference can point at
<code>prodockit.refs</code>	Cross-references that resolve to a number <i>and</i> a name
<code>prodockit.citations</code>	Citation handling
<code>prodockit.glossary</code>	Acronyms and a glossary
<code>prodockit.tables</code>	Column widths, dense tables, multi-row headers, merged cells, rotated headings
<code>prodockit.tree</code>	A directory listing that looks like one
<code>prodockit.steps</code>	Numbered steps a reader works through in order
<code>prodockit.bibliography</code>	A bibliography built from your <code>.bib</code> files
<code>prodockit.index</code>	A back-of-book index (PDF only)

1.3.2 What is *not* an extension

Several parts of prodockit have no `markdown.extensions` entry point and nothing to add to `zensical.toml`, because they are not Markdown syntax:

<code>prodockit pdf</code>	A separate PDF-generation build step
<code>prodockit source-bundle</code>	Packages documentation source as a separate PDF
<code>prodockit.zensical_macros</code>	A <code>define_env()</code> module for Zensical's macros plugin, named under its <code>modules</code> config rather than as an extension
<code>prodockit.testing</code>	pytest fixtures and checks for an already-built site and PDF
<code>prodockit bootstrap</code>	Sets up a machine to build the docs
<code>prodockit sync-repo</code>	Keeps repository metadata and README badges matching the git remote
<code>prodockit pins</code>	Moves build-input version pins together
<code>prodockit template-sync</code>	Brings a project back into step with the template it came from
<code>prodockit init-tools</code> / <code>init-mathjax</code>	Sets up optional Mermaid and maths rendering tools

Contributors changing the package itself should use the editable installation and repository checks in [Development and code map](#).

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dependencies

- `click`, 2
- `mermaid-cli`, 3
- `pandoc`, 3
- `pymupdf`, 2
- `pypdf`, 2
- `tomli`, 2
- `weasyprint`, 3